- Section 1 -**Product Identification**



Material Safety Data Sheet

The Sherwin-Williams Co. 101 Prospect Ave. N.W. Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number Information telephone number Date of preparation

(216) 566-2917 (216) 566-2902 June 14, 2002

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DTM Acrylic Enamel, Gloss

B66/1

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CAS No.	— Section 2 — Hazardous Ingredients (percent by weight)	ACGIH TLV <stel></stel>	OSHA PEL <stel></stel>	Units	LD50 (Rat-Oral) mg/kg	LC50 (Rat) ppm/4hr.	Vapor Pressure mm	Ultra White	Extra White	B66W113 Deep Base	B66T104 Ultradeep Base	B66B11 Black	B66E39 Safety Orange	B66R38 Safety Red	B66Y37 Safety Yellow	
111-77-3	§ 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol	NAv	NAv		5500	NAv	1.0	3	4	5	5	5	6	5	5	9
107-21-1	§ Ethylene Glycol.	C 50	C 50	ppm	4700	NAv	0.1	2 - 4	0 - 2	0 - 2	0 - 2					
108419-35-8	Oxo-Tridecyl Acetate.	NAv	NAv		NAv	NAv		2					3		3	•
1332-58-7	Kaolin	[2]	10[5]	mg/m3 as Dus		NAv		< 2 %	may be ac	Ided due to	tinting					٧
14807-96-6	Talc	2	2	mg/m3 as Resp. Dust	NAv	NAv		< 2 %	may be ac	lded due to	tinting					"
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide.	10	10[5]	mg/m3 as Dus [Resp. Fraction		NAv		26	17	7	0 - 5		2		8	۱
1333-86-4	Carbon Black.	3.5	3.5	mg/m3	NAv	NAv		0 - 2	0 - 2	0 - 2	0 - 2	1				1
	Weight per Gallon (lbs.)	•						10.56	9.73	8.96	8.53	8.56	8.82	8.63	9.14	
	Solids by Weight (%)							52.0	46.4	39.2	35.3	35.2	38.5	36.2	41.0	
	Solids by Volume (%)							39.1	37.3	34.4	33.6	33.2	34.4	33.8	34.9	
	Percent Water							39.9	46.1	51.8	56.0	56.4	52.4	55.9	50.1	
VOC (Volatile Organic Compounds) Emitted - lbs./gal.						0.84	0.71	0.78	0.72	0.69	0.79	0.66	0.79			
	VOC Less Water & Federally Exempt Solvents - lbs./gal.						1.69	1.54	1.78	1.70	1.65	1.77	1.57	1.76		
Flash Point (°F)						None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None			
	HMIS (NFPA) Rating (health - flammability - reactivity)							2 - 0 - 0	2 - 0 - 0	2 - 0 - 0	2 - 0 - 0	2* - 0 - 0	2 - 0 - 0	2 - 0 - 0	2 - 0 - 0	

Ingredient subject to the reporting requirements of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Section 313, 40 CFR 372.65 C

DTM Acrylic Enamel

Section 3 — Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE - Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE - Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE - None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION - For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

Section 4 — First Aid Measures

If INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.

If on SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

If SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 — Fire Fighting Measures

 FLASH POINT
 LEL
 UEL

 See TABLE
 N.A.
 N.A.

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - Not Applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS - Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES - Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 — Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED - Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 — Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - Not Applicable

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING - Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8 — Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE - Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

VENTILATION - Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94,1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION - If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES - Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

Section 9 — Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT See TABLE **EVAPORATION RATE** Slower than ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.03 - 1.38 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air **BOILING POINT** 212 - 545 °F MELTING POINT Not Available 53 - 78 % **VOLATILE VOLUME** SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE 8.5 - 9.5

Section 10 — Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY - None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Metals in Section 2

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

Section 11 — Toxicological Information

CHRONIC Health Hazards - Carbon Black is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Crystalline Silica (Quartz, Cristobalite) is listed by IARC and NTP. Long term exposure to high levels of silica dust, which can occur only when sanding or abrading the dry film, may cause lung damage (silicosis) and possibly cancer.

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Ethylene Glycol is considered an animal teratogen. It has been shown to cause birth defects in rats and mice at high doses when given in drinking water or by gavage. There is no evidence to indicate it causes birth defects in humans.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in the following products may cause adverse effects to the following organ systems:

• B66W100, B66T204, B66W200 liver, urinary

• B71Y1 liver, urinary, blood forming

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Section 12 — Ecological Information - No data available.

Section 13 — Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD - Waste from B66W1 Primer may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for extractability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Waste from the other products listed on this sheet is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate all products in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 — Transport Information - No data available.

Section 15 — Regulatory Information

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 - WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION - All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 — Other Information

These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.

— Section 1 — Product Identification



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DTM Acrylic Enamel, Semi-Gloss

B66/2

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CAS No.	— Section 2 — Hazardous Ingredients (percent by weight)	ACGIH TLV <stel></stel>	OSHA PEL <stel></stel>	Units	LD50 (Rat-Oral) mg/kg	LC50 (Rat) ppm/4hr.	Vapor Pressure mm	Ultra White	B66W211 Extra White	Deep Base	B66T204 Ultradeep Base	B66A50 Bonding Primer	B66W1 Primer White	B71Y1 Wash Primer
111-77-3	§ 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol	NAv	NAv		5500	NAv	1.0	3	4	4	3			
111-76-2	§ 2-Butoxyethanol	20	20	ppm (skin)	470	NAv	0.9							2
112-34-5	§ 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol	NAv	NAv		5660	NAv	0.1	1			3		1	
107-21-1	§ Ethylene Glycol.	C 50	C 50	ppm	4700	NAv	0.1	2 - 4	0 - 2	0 - 2	1 - 3			
8419-35-8	Oxo-Tridecyl Acetate.	NAv	NAv		NAv	NAv		2			1			
4808-60-7	Quartz	0.05	0.1	mg/m3 as Resp. Dust	NAv	NAv						11	0.1	0.1
2926-00-8	Amorphous Precipitated Silica	10	6	mg/m3 as Dus	t NAv	NAv								1
4464-46-1	Cristobalite	0.05	0.05	mg/m3 as Resp. Dust	NAv	NAv		0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2			
1332-58-7	Kaolin	[2]	10[5]	mg/m3 as Dus [Resp. Fraction		NAv		< 2 %	may be ad	ded due to	tinting			
4807-96-6	Talc	2	2	mg/m3 as Resp. Dust	NAv	NAv		< 2 %	may be ad	ded due to	tinting			10
2001-26-2	Mica	3	3	mg/m3 as Resp. Dust	NAv	NAv						4		
471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate.	10	15[5]	mg/m3 as Dus [Resp. Fraction	t 1 NAv	NAv						11	26	
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide.	10	10[5]	mg/m3 as Dus [Resp. Fraction] NAV	NAv		23	16	6	0 - 5	9	9	
1314-13-2	Zinc Oxide	10	10[5]	mg/m3 as Dus [Resp. Fraction		NAv						1		
1333-86-4	Carbon Black.	3.5	3.5	mg/m3	NAv	NAv		0 - 2	0 - 2	0 - 2	0 - 2			
Ę	Sinc Compound. [% Zinc]											2 [1.4]		4 [2.4]
Ę	§ Barium Compound. [% Barium]												5 [2.6]	
	Weight per Gallon (lbs.)							10.67	10.03	9.28	8.80	11.19	11.46	9.43
	Solids by Weight (%)							52.7	48.3	42.0	38.3	57.7	61.2	31.7
	Solids by Volume (%)							39.3	37.6	35.3	34.5	43.0	46.2	21.9
	Percent Water							39.0	44.8	49.7	53.3	40.7	33.4	65.2
	VOC (Volatile Organic Compoun	ds) Emitte	d - Ibs./gal	l.				0.86	0.66	0.74	0.71	0.16	0.60	0.28
	VOC Less Water & Federally Ex	empt Solve	nts - lbs./	gal.				1.72	1.44	1.67	1.63	0.35	1.12	1.10
	Flash Point (°F)							None	None	None	None	None	None	None
	HMIS (NFPA) Rating (health - fla	ammability	- reactivity	y)				2* - 0 - 0	2* - 0 - 0	2* - 0 - 0	2* - 0 - 0	1* - 0 - 0	2* - 0 - 0	2* - 0 - 0

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MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE - None generally recognized.

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The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.